

RE: Fw: Contract and Testing Specifics

Ex. 4 - CBI to: Fred Foreman, Dave Russell Cc: Richard Rupert, Kelley Chase, Ex. 4 - CBI

06/05/2012 11:09 AM

_i@TechLawInc.com>

From:

Ex. 4 - CBI @TechLawInc.com>

To: Fred

Fred Foreman/ESC/R3/USEPA/US@EPA, Dave Russell/ESC/R3/USEPA/US@EPA
Richard Rupert/R3/USEPA/US, Kelley Chase/R3/USEPA/US@EPA, Ex. 4 - CBI

Cc:

Dave,

TechLaw gives EPA permission to contact the lab on our behalf and discuss the analysis as needed. I have contacted the lab and also let them know this so you shouldn't have any issues.

Thanks,

Ex. 4 - CBI

TechLaw, Inc.

From: Fred Foreman [mailto:Foreman.Fred@epamail.epa.gov]

Sent: Tuesday, June 05, 2012 8:14 AM

To: Dave Russell

Cc: Ex. 4 - CBI Richard Rupert; Kelley Chase Subject: Re: Fw: Contract and Testing Specifics

Dave,

Questions that need to be answer by some other than me. I would suggest contacting the lab via the START contractor, Ex. 4 - CBI

Ex. 4 - CBI would this be possible? Please respond to da\\Dave as soon as you can.

thanks

Fred Foreman, Chief Technical Services Branch Office of Analytical Services & Quality Assurance US EPA Region III Ft. Meade, Maryland 410-305-2629

Dave Russell---06/01/2012 03:31:39 PM---Fred, Questions and comments follow:

From: Dave Russell/ESC/R3/USEPA/US To: Fred Foreman/ESC/R3/USEPA/US@EPA

Cc: Ex. 4 - CBI @TechLawInc.com >, Richard Rupert/R3/USEPA/US, Kelley Chase/R3/USEPA/US@EPA

Date: 06/01/2012 03:31 PM

Subject: Re: Fw: Contract and Testing Specifics

Fred,

Questions and comments follow:

1. Total coliforms and E. coli:

- a. Need clarification regarding the method to be used, since "SM9223B" includes both Colilert and Colisure media and two formats of the multiple-tube technique. I assume they will use **Colilert QuantiTray/2000**, but they have not explicitly said so. Please have that confirmed.
- b. Is the lab certified for this method?
- c. Colilert Quantitray/2000 is a perfectly good EPA-approved method for determining whether water is safe to drink, and for enumerating total coliforms and E. coli.
- d. Note that Colilert Quantitray/2000 detects and enumerates total coliforms and <u>E. coli</u> (MPN/100 mL), whereas the previously used membrane filtration method (SM9222B) detected and enumerated total coliforms and <u>fecal coliforms</u> (CFU/100mL). Further investigation would be required to determine whether the data produced by the new method is comparable to the data produced by the

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previous method. EPA encourages laboratories (SDWA Lab Cert. Manual, paragraph 5.1.7) to perform parallel testing between a new method and an old method (using the waters typically encountered by that laboratory) whenever a change in methods is made.

e. Regarding the statement, "IDEXX method, which has a 30-hour holding time": Holding times are not prescribed by the method used, but by the rules and regulations under which the samples are collected and analyzed. If the Total Coliform Rule or the Ground Water Rule is applied to these water samples--to be analyzed for total coliforms and E. coli-- the holding time is 30 hours.

2. Heterotrophic Plate Count:

a. The holding time for heterotrophic plate count is <u>8 hours</u> under the Surface Water Treatment Rule. HPC is only used as an indicator under the SWTR. The <u>8-hour</u> holding time for HPC is also stated in the SDWA Lab Cert Manual and twice in Standard Methods. In Standard Methods, the <u>8-hour holding time</u> can be found at 9060 B(1)b: "Do not exceed 8 h holding time for heterotrophic plate counts." . That is a clear and emphatic statement. It is stated again at 9215 A(4): "The recommended maximum elapsed time between collection and analysis of samples is 8 h (maximum transit time 6 h, maximum processing time 2 h). That statement is followed by this: When analysis cannot begin within 8 h, maintain sample at a temperature below 4C but do not freeze. Maximum elapsed time between collection and analysis must not exceed 24 h."

Clearly, based on repeated statements in the SDWA Lab Cert Manual and Standard Methods, <u>8 hours</u> is the holding time to enforce.......and for good reason. The two papers on bacteriological holding times published by EPA microbiologists in Cincinnati indicate that the bacterial community in a sample <u>can begin to change as soon as the sample is collected</u>. <u>Bacterial abundance may increase</u>, <u>decrease or remain the same</u>. Those findings make the unusual "last resort" 24-hour option offered by Standard Methods scientifically indefensible.

- b. EPA does not recommend use of R2A agar with the 48-hour pour plate method. R2A was developed by Dr. Don Reasoner (EPA Microbiologist, retired) to allow a wide spectrum of bacteria to grow without fast growing bacteria suppressing slow growing species. Despite what Standard Methods might say, R2A was design to be used with a long incubation period and a low incubation temperature. When used with a 7-day incubation period at a temperature of 20-28C, R2A encourages the growth of a wider variety of bacteria and therefore will generally produce higher HPC counts, compared to the pour plate HPC method. If the pour plate method (plate count agar with a 48 hour incubation at 35C) is to be used, the data generated will not be easily compared to the 7-day R2A spread plate data obtained previously.
- c. It is acknowledged that Standard Methods 9215 A and B mixes up methods and agars, but clarification has been obtained from Jennifer Best (Microbiologist, ORD Cincinnati), specifically R2A is not approved for use under the Surface Water Treatment Rule, meaning it is not approved for use with the 48 hour pour plate method. Note that when Standard Methods states that "For compliance monitoring purposes under the U.S. EPA Surface Water Treatment Rule....provision on heterotrophic bacteria, incubate pour plates at 35C for 48 h. Otherwise, select from among recommended times and temperatures.....", the latter sentence refers to R2A agar. R2A uses one of the "recommended times and temperatures"specifically 7-days at 20-28C.
- d. Whatever HPC method is used, the laboratory should have experience and be certified for that method.

Please send questions if you have them.

Dave

Fred Foreman---06/01/2012 09:07:06 AM---Dave, Please read below and provide feedback on proposed method mods.

From: Fred Foreman/ESC/R3/USEPA/US
To: Dave Russell/ESC/R3/USEPA/US@EPA

Ex. 4 - CBI <u>@TechLawInc.com</u>>, Richard Rupert/R3/USEPA/US, Kelley Chase/R3/USEPA/US@EPA

Date: 06/01/2012 09:07 AM

Subject: Fw: Contract and Testing Specifics

Dave,

Please read below and provide feedback on proposed method mods.

Thanks

Fred Foreman, Chief Technical Services Branch Office of Analytical Services & Quality Assurance US EPA Region III Ft. Meade, Maryland 410-305-2629

---- Forwarded by Fred Foreman/ESC/R3/USEPA/US on 06/01/2012 09:06 AM -----

From: Ex. 4 - CBI @TechLawInc.com>

To: Ex. 4 - CBI @TechLawInc.com>, Fred Foreman/ESC/R3/USEPA/US@EPA, Richard Rupert/R3/USEPA/US,

Richard Fetzer/R3/USEPA/US@EPA, Kelley Chase/R3/USEPA/US@EPA

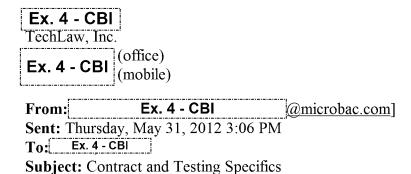
Date: 05/31/2012 10:34 PM

Subject: FW: Contract and Testing Specifics

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All:

I had arranged a couple weeks prior to the sampling to have Northeastern Environmental Laboratories (NEEL) to do the Dimock microbial testing. NEEL did the previous testing and agreed to do it at the same price. I did not find out about the change of ownership until the middle of the sampling last week. Please refer to the e-mail below regarding differences in the testing being done. I believe the lab used a 7-day incubation period for the HPC on the previous sampling rounds.



Ex. 4 - CBI

Attached is the signed contract for Microbac Laboratories. Also, I have included a copy of our testing procedures as they differ from the procedures initially conducted by Northeast Environmental.

The major differences are in the method reference for Coliform / ecoli (fecal). We use the IDEXX method, which has a 30 hour holding time, and give you a quantitative count for both coliform and ecoli.

For the HPC method, we reference standard methods which specifies a 24 hour holding time. We were able to use the R2A agar that you specified, but we only have incubated the samples for 48 hours as per the EPA protocol.

Also, I noticed you requested sterile water for next week. Will you have additional samples? If so, when can we expect the sampling events to occur?

Thanks,

Ex. 4 - CBI

Ex. 4 - CBI

Senior Vice President

Microbac Laboratories, Inc.

4359 Linglestown Road

Harrisburg, PA 17112

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m (P) \atop (M)}$ Ex. 4 - CBI

[attachment "Techlaw contract.pdf" deleted by Dave Russell/ESC/R3/USEPA/US]

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